**Max Consecutive Ones**

<https://leetcode.com/explore/learn/card/array-and-string/205/array-two-pointer-technique/1301/>

Given a binary array nums, return *the maximum number of consecutive*1*'s in the array*.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** nums = [1,1,0,1,1,1]

**Output:** 3

**Explanation:** The first two digits or the last three digits are consecutive 1s. The maximum number of consecutive 1s is 3.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** nums = [1,0,1,1,0,1]

**Output:** 2

**Constraints:**

* 1 <= nums.length <= 105
* nums[i] is either 0 or 1.